



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2021 FOR RECRUITMENT TO
POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

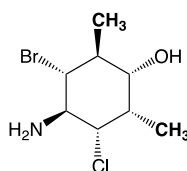
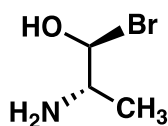
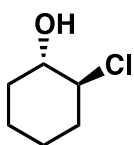
CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	PART-I (MCQS)	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

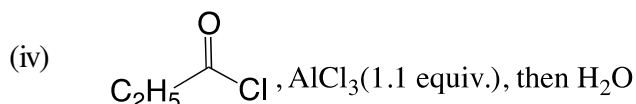
NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
(iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. 2. (a) Describe factors that influence keto-enol tautomerization. Elaborate the statement with the help of examples. (10)
- (b) Assign "R" or "S" configuration on each of the chiral centers of the given compounds. (10) (20)



- Q. 3. (a) Give the products expected (if any) when ethylbenzene reacts under following conditions: (10)
- (i) Br₂ in CCl₄ (dark) (02 marks each)
- (ii) HNO₃, H₂SO₄
- (iii) Conc. H₂SO₄



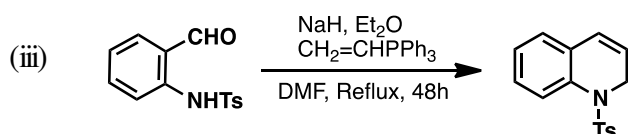
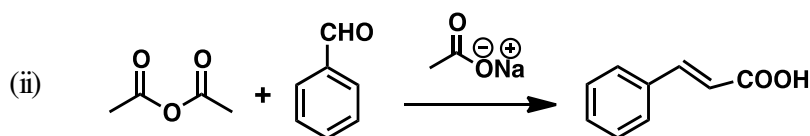
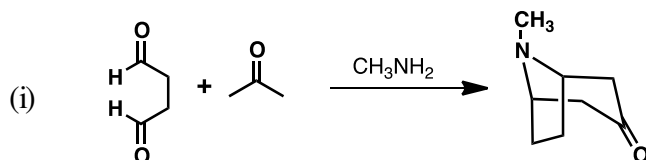
- (v) Alkaline KMnO₄

- (b) Account for the following: (05 marks each) (10) (20)
- (i) Intramolecular H-bonding is stronger than intermolecular H-bonding
- (ii) Control of nucleophilic substitution reaction over elimination reactions

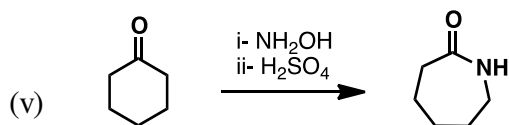
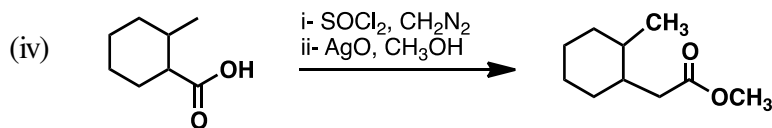
- Q. 4. (a) Write down reagents, reaction conditions and important steps for the following conversions: (10)
- (i) Chlorobenzene to 2,4-dinitrophenyl hydrazine
- (ii) Pyridine to 2-amino pyridine

- (b) Write a note that substituents on aromatic rings dictate reactivity and orientation of the incoming electrophile in electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. (10) (20)

- Q. 5. Draw detailed mechanisms for: (04 marks each) (20)

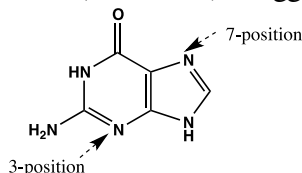


CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

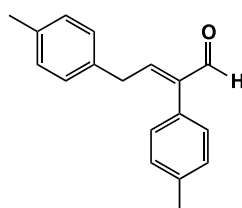


Q. 6. Account for the following: **(05 marks each)** **(20)**

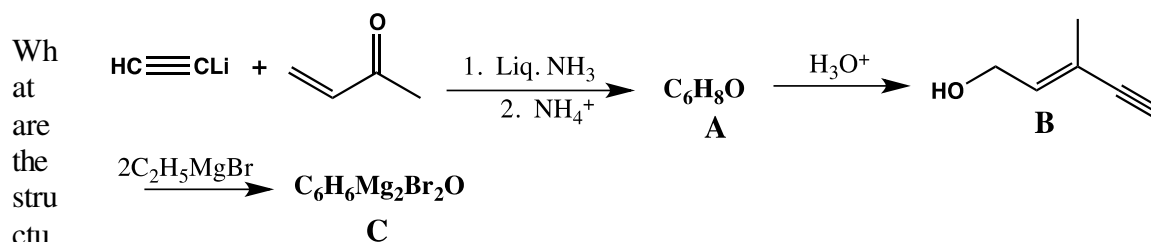
- (i) In DNA, a guanine residue reacts with electrophiles predominantly at the 7 and 3 positions of the ring system (see below). Suggest an explanation for this.



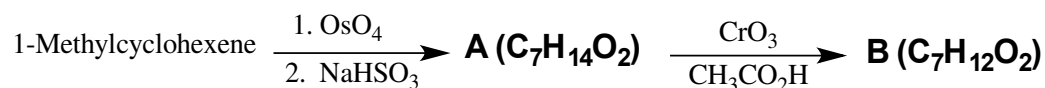
- (ii) Outline the synthesis of following compound:



- (iii) A Grignard reagent that is a key intermediate in an industrial synthesis of vitamin A can be synthesized in the following way:



- (iv) What are compounds A and B in the reaction given below? Compound B has a strong IR absorption band in the 1650–1730 cm⁻¹ region and a broad strong band in the 3200–3550 cm⁻¹ region.



Q. 7. Explain the following: **(04 marks each)** **(20)**

- (i) How can IR be used to help interpret NMR spectra?
(ii) What are diastereotopic protons? Explain with examples.
(iii) Determine the structure for a compound with formula C₆H₄N₂O₄ with following ¹H-NMR data:
δ 8.76 t (1H), 8.38 dd (2H), 7.97 t (1H)
(iv) Assign chemical shifts of each proton in the above structure.
(v) Why ¹³C-NMR is less sensitive than ¹H-NMR?

Q. 8. Answer following questions: **(04 marks each)** **(20)**

- (i) Comment if glycogenesis is anabolic or catabolic. Write down all steps involved in glycogenesis.
(ii) Describe endergonic and exergonic reactions.
(iii) Write a note on anionic and cationic surfactants.
(iv) Comment if waste glass can be used for cement production.
(v) What is the chemical composition of nucleic acids and their biological significance?
